

RP01875

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Recombinant Human IGF-I Protein

Catalog No.: RP01875

Recombinant

Sequence Information

Species	Gene ID	Swiss Prot
<I>E. coli</I>	3479	P05019-1

Tags

NO-tag

Synonyms

Insulin-like growth factor I; IGF-I;
Mechano growth factor; MGF;
Somatomedin-C , IGF1; IBP1

Product Information

Source	Purification
	≥ 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin

< 0.1 EU/μg of the protein by LAL method.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

Contact

www.abclonal.com

Background

IGF I, also known as Mechano Growth Factor, somatomedin-C, IGF-I, and IGF1, is a secreted protein that belongs to the insulin family. The insulin family, comprised of insulin, relaxin, insulin-like growth factors I and II (IGF-I and IGF-II), and possibly the beta-subunit of 7S nerve growth factor, represents a group of structurally related polypeptides whose biological functions have diverged. The IGFs, or somatomedins, constitute a class of polypeptides that have a key role in pre-adolescent mammalian growth. IGF-I expression is regulated by GH and mediates postnatal growth, while IGF-II appears to be induced by placental lactogen during prenatal development. IGF1 / IGF-I may be a physiological regulator of [1-14C]-2-deoxy-D-glucose (2DG) transport and glycogen synthesis in osteoblasts. IGF1 / IGF-I stimulates glucose transport in rat bone-derived osteoblastic (PyMS) cells and is effective at much lower concentrations than insulin, not only regarding glycogen and DNA synthesis but also about enhancing glucose uptake. Defects in IGF1 / IGF-I are the cause of insulin-like growth factor I deficiency (IGF1 deficiency) which is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by growth retardation, sensorineural deafness, and mental retardation.

Basic Information

Description

Recombinant Human IGF-I Protein is produced by *E. coli* expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Gly49-Ala118) of Human IGF1 (Accession #NP_001104755.1) fused with no tag.

Bio-Activity

Shipping

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Operational Notes

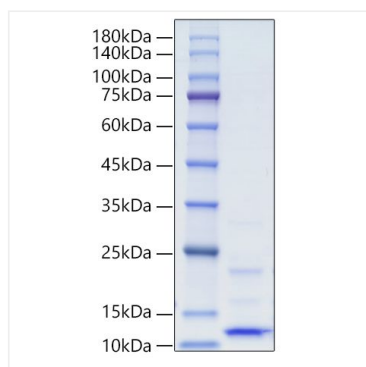
For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves for handling.

Storage

Store at -20°C. Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C up to 1 year from the date of receipt. After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

* For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves when handling.

Validation Data



Recombinant Human IGF-I Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions with Coomassie Blue.