

# Recombinant Human Fc gamma RI/FCGR1/CD64 Protein

Catalog No.: RP01226 Recombinant

# **Sequence Information**

Species Gene ID Swiss Prot HEK293 cells 2209 P12314

**Tags** C-His

#### **Synonyms**

FCGR1A; CD64; CD64A; FCRI; IGFR1; Fc fragment of IgG receptor Ia;CD64;CD64A;FCRI;IGFR1

# **Product Information**

Source Purification
HEK293 cells > 97% by SDSPAGE.

#### **Endotoxin**

< 0.1 EU/ $\mu$ g of the protein by LAL method.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

### Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

#### **Contact**

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www.abclonal.com

# **Background**

Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (Fc gamma Rs) are members of the Ig superfamily that function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses such as degranulation, phagocytosis, ADCC (antibody-dependent cellular toxicity), cytokine release, and B cell proliferation . The Fc gamma Rs have been divided into three classes based on close relationships in their extracellular domains; these groups are designated Fc gamma RI (also known as CD64), Fc gamma RII (CD32), and Fc gamma RIII (CD16). Each group may be encoded by multiple genes and exist in different isoforms depending on species and cell type. The CD64 proteins are high affinity receptors capable of binding monomeric IgG, whereas the CD16 and CD32 proteins bind IgG with lower affinities only recognizing IgG aggregates surrounding multivalent antigens. Fc gamma Rs that deliver an activating signal either have an intrinsic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) within their cytoplasmic domains or associate with one of the ITAM-bearing adapter subunits, Fc R gamma or zeta. The only inhibitory member in human and mouse, Fc gamma RIIb, has an intrinsic cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM). The coordinated functioning of activating and inhibitory receptors is necessary for successful initiation, amplification, and termination of immune responses. Three highly homologous genes (A, B, and C) sharing 98% identity at the nucleotide level have been identified for the human CD64 group . Fcgamma RI is transmembrane protein with three extracellular Ig-like domains, and it delivers an activating signal via the associated Fc R gamma accessory chain. The genes for Fc gamma RIB and Fc gamma RIC contain stop codons within their membrane proximal Iq-like domains indicating possible secreted receptors .

## **Basic Information**

#### Description

Recombinant Human Fc gamma RI/FCGR1/CD64 Protein is produced by HEK293 cells expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Met1-Pro288) of human Fc gamma RI/CD64 (Accession #NP\_000557.1) fused with a 6×His tag at the C-terminus.

## **Bio-Activity**

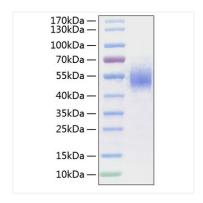
Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Recombinant Human FCGR1A, His Tag at 2  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Rituximab with a linear range of 15.625-58.38 ng/mL.

#### Storage

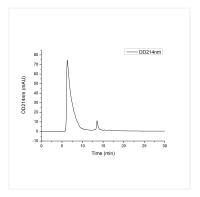
Store at -20°C.Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C up to 1 year from the date of receipt. <br/>
-20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

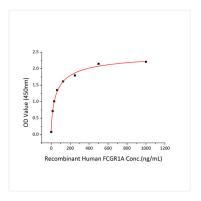
# **Validation Data**



Recombinant Human Fc-gamma RI/CD64 Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue, showing a band at 45-60 kDa.



The purity of human Fc gamma RI/CD64 Protein (Cat.RP01226) was greater than 90% as determined by SEC-HPLC.



Immobilized Recombinant Human FCGR1A, His Tag at  $2\mu g/mL$  (100  $\mu L/well$ ) can bind Rituximab with a linear range of 15.625-58.38 ng/mL.