

# Phospho-(Ser/Thr) ATM/ATR Substrate Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: AP0933 4 Publications

### **Basic Information**

### **Observed MW**

38-68kDa

### **Calculated MW**

#### Category

Polyclonal Antibody

### **Applications**

WB,ELISA

### **Cross-Reactivity**

Human, Mouse, Rat

# **Background**

The functionally related ATM (ataxia telangiectasia-mutated) and ATR (ATM-Rad3-related) protein kinases are critical regulators of DNA damage responses in mammalian cells. ATM and ATR share highly overlapping substrate specificities and show a strong preference for the phosphorylation of Serine (S) or Threonine (T) residues followed by Gln. It also called SQ or TQ consensus sites.

# **Recommended Dilutions**

**WB** 1:500 - 1:2000

**ELISA** 

Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

## **Immunogen Information**

Gene ID Swiss Prot

### **Immunogen**

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

# Synonyms

### Contact

www.abclonal.com

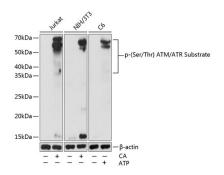
### **Product Information**

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

### Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

## **Validation Data**



Western blot analysis of various lysates using Phospho-(Ser/Thr) ATM/ATR Substrate pAb (AP0933) at 1:1000 dilution. Jurkat and NIH/3T3 cells were treated with Calyculin A (100 nM) at 37°C for 30 minutes after serum-starvation overnight. C6 cells were treated with ATP(5 mM) at 30°C for 1 hour.

Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 60s.