Aconitase 1 (ACO1) Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: A4821 Recombinant





Basic Information

Observed MW 98kDa

Calculated MW 98kDa

Category SMab Recombinant Monoclonal Antibody

Applications WB, IF/ICC, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

CloneNo number ARC2731

Recommended Dilutions

WB	1:1000 - 1:4000
IF/ICC	1:200 - 1:800
ELISA	Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a bifunctional, cytosolic protein that functions as an essential enzyme in the TCA cycle and interacts with mRNA to control the levels of iron inside cells. When cellular iron levels are high, this protein binds to a 4Fe-4S cluster and functions as an aconitase. Aconitases are iron-sulfur proteins that function to catalyze the conversion of citrate to isocitrate. When cellular iron levels are low, the protein binds to iron-responsive elements (IREs), which are stem-loop structures found in the 5' UTR of ferritin mRNA, and in the 3' UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. When the protein binds to IRE, it results in repression of translation of ferritin mRNA, and inhibition of degradation of the otherwise rapidly degraded transferrin receptor mRNA. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants

Immunogen Information

Gene ID 48

Swiss Prot P21399

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

IRP1; ACONS; HEL60; IREB1; IREBP; IREBP1; Aconitase 1 (ACO1)

Contact

Product Information

G www.abclonal.com Source Rabbit

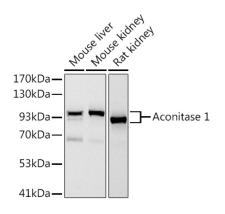
Isotype IgG

Purification Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 0.05% BSA, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of various lysates using Aconitase 1 (ACO1) Rabbit mAb (A4821) at 1:1000 dilution.

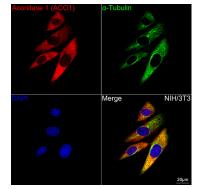
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

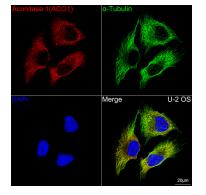
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

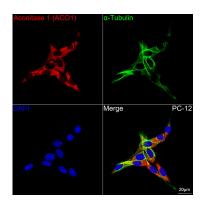
Exposure time: 30s.



Confocal imaging of NIH/3T3 cells using Aconitase 1 (ACO1) Rabbit mAb (A4821, dilution 1:200) followed by a further incubation with Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007, dilution 1:500) (Red). The cells were counterstained with α -Tubulin Mouse mAb (AC012, dilution 1:400) followed by incubation with ABflo® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Ab (AS076, dilution 1:500) (Green). DAPI was used for nuclear staining (Blue). Objective: 100x.



Confocal imaging of U-2 OS cells using Aconitase 1 (ACO1) Rabbit mAb (A4821, dilution 1:200) followed by a further incubation with Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007, dilution 1:500) (Red). The cells were counterstained with α -Tubulin Mouse mAb (AC012, dilution 1:400) followed by incubation with ABflo® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Ab (AS076, dilution 1:500) (Green). DAPI was used for nuclear staining (Blue). Objective: 100x.



Confocal imaging of PC-12 cells using Aconitase 1 (ACO1) Rabbit mAb (A4821, dilution 1:200) followed by a further incubation with Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007, dilution 1:500) (Red). The cells were counterstained with α -Tubulin Mouse mAb (AC012, dilution 1:400) followed by incubation with ABflo® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Ab (AS076, dilution 1:500) (Green). DAPI was used for nuclear staining (Blue). Objective: 100x.