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pan-TriMethyl-lysine Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A18292 1 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

18-55kDa

Calculated MW

Category

Polyclonal Antibody

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Background

Methylation of lysine residues is a common regulatory post-translational modification (PTM) that results in the mono-, di-, or tri-methylation of lysine at ϵ -amine groups by protein lysine methyltransferases (PKMTs). The post-translational ϵ -amino lysine methylated proteins is an important reversible modification which plays a vital role in the regulation of many cellular processes including chromatin dynamics and gene transcription. Methylation of lysine residues is modulated by specific counteractive enzymes including lysine methylases (KMTs) and demethylases (KDMs). Lysine trimethylation occurs in both histones and non-histone substratres. It has become promising targets for discovery of anti-cancer drugs.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

ELISA

Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID Swiss Prot

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

Contact

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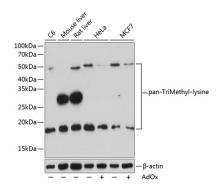
Product Information

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of various lysates using pan-TriMethyl-lysine pAb (A18292) at 1:500 dilution. HeLa and MCF7 cells were treated by ADOX (100 $\mu\text{M})$ for 24 hours . Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Enhanced Kit (RM00021).

Exposure time: 3min.